This newspaper goes into two-thirds of the homes in Alexandria daily. If you have a message to send to the families who reside in those homes, Mr. Business Man, let The Gazette carry it to them for you.

Alexandria Gazette

Library of Congress.

For this section—Partly cloudy tonight; tomorrow fair, rising temperature.

VOL. CXXXIV— No. 152. ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 26, 1918. PRICE ONE CENT

STATE PROHIBITION INSPECTOR SHOT IN ATTEMPTING TO ARREST A NEGRO

J. C. Shelhorse, of Lynchburg, Meets Death at Hands of James A. Davis, Who is Alleged to Have Been Smuggling Liquor Into Virginia—Affair Occurs on Southern Railway Train in This City—Victim Dies at Alexandria Hospital—Slayer Is Held for Grand Jury.

J. C. Shelhorse, a state prohibition inspector, fifty-four years old, whose home was in Lynchburg, Va., was fatally shot while aboard Southern Railway passenger train No. 31, at 7:10 o'clock last night just as the train was entering the Union pasenger railway station by James A. Davis, colored, thirty-seven years old, of Monroe, Va.

Davis jumped from the train immediately following the shooting and after a short chase by a soldier named Alfred F. Woldert, of Camp Wadsworth, S. C., and Prohibition Inspectors W. C. Hall, Danville, Va., and A. L. Bricker, the latter an assistant inspector, was captured at the point of a pistol by the soldier. Davis surrendered without showing fight.

The prisoner was immediately turned over to Police Sergeants William J. Wilkinson and Wilmer Scott and Policeman Snelings and brought to police headquarters and locked up.

In the meantime railway officials and others removed Shelhorse into the baggage room at the railway station where a large crowd had collected. The hospital ambulance was summoned and a record run made to the hospital and Dr. M. D. Delaney was called.

An examination disclosed that the wounded man had no chance for recovery, the bullet having entered the left side of the throat and ploughed through the upper side of the back part of his head. It was a 38-caliber bullet. Shelhorse breathed his last at 9:55 o'clock.

Davis when brought to police headquarters and searched had in his possession $1,264.72. Asked where he obtained this money he stated that he had saved it as the result of working as a laborer. In the meantime the suitcase and grip alleged to have belonged to Davis were searched at police headquarters and found to cotain a grand total of forty-five pints of liquor. Davis denied ownership of the whisky and added that he had no whisky.

When asked for a statement this morning of how the shooting took place Davis declared he was so mixed up he just didn't know what happened. Last night he told the police and newspaper reporters that when he was attacked by the inspector he did not know the latter was an officer and thought it was some one trying to rob him.

Davis is a powerfully built negro and weights about 170 pounds. He says he had been employed by a contractor at Monroe, Va.

W. C. Hall, one of the trio of prohibition inspectors, stated last night that he and Messrs. Bricker and Shelhorse boarded the train at Union Station in Washington and were armed with a warrant to search the train for contraband liquor.

After the train crossed the highway bridge the work was begun. However, Hall added that when he was at the station he saw Davis go to the train carrying a suitcase and grip which he suspected contained liquor.

While going through the train Hall says that Davis upon seeing him ran from where he was seated in the train going toward the baggage car. Hall says he ran up and grabbed the negro after which Davis drew a gun from his inside coat pocket. Hall immediately shoved the weapon away from himself.

This was followed by a scuffle for the possession of the weapon during which Hall has his left hand badly lacerated. Hall finally got Davis on the floor of the car after he secured the pistol and then Inspector Bricker came up.

According to Hall he gave Bricker the pistol he confiscated from Davis, the latter being without a pistol. Another fight then followed and in this scuffle Davis got the pistol from Bricker and fired it again, it having been discharged once during the first scuffle.

At this point of the melee Inspector Shelhorse put in his appeerance and just as he did so Davis fired on him the bullet taking effect as stated above and Shelhorse fell to the floor of the car mortally wounded. The infuriated negro then ran to the car platform and jumped from the train and his capture soon followed.

During the progress of the scuffle on the train Inspectors Hall and Bricker were struck over the head with bottles used for soft drinks and both sustained scalp wounds of a minor nature.

Among the witnesses to the affair were a number of colored men and women bound for different points in the South. A number of these persons were held here overnight in order that they might testify at the hearing today.

Shelhorse was employed as prohibition inspector by Rev. J. Sidney Peters and had been doing that work in this city and nearby counties for several months past. The deceased is survived by his widow and several children who reside in Lynchburg. Word was received today by the police from his brother-in-law to hold the body until the latter's arrival. It is expected that the body tonight will be shipped to Lynchburg, Va., for burial.

A coroner's jury summoned by Dr. T. M. Jones, city coroner, viewed the body at 11 o'clock this morning at Wheatley's mortuary chapel and then proceeded to police headquarters where the taking of testimony was begun. Justice Thompson immediately after the verdict was given by the jury committed Davis to jail to await the action of the grand jury. The jury was composed of the following: Silas Devers, John G. Cockey, C. Conway Browner, Jerome Kaufmann, W. P. Kerrick, and E. M. Anderson.

The state was represented by Commonwealth's Attorney S. G. Brent and Davis by Attorney Robinson Moncure.

Davis has a bad police record according to Detective F. M. Cornwell, of the Washington detective force. Mr. Cornwell came over to Alexandria this morning and stated that in October 27, 1908, Davis with two other colored men was convicted of highway robbery and housebreaking and sentenced to serve six years in the penitentiary and afterward he was adjudged insane and sent to the ward for the criminal insane at St. Elizabeth's and later was pronounced sane and sent to Fort Leavenworth penitentiary and finished his sentence in 1914. He is known as prisoner No. 3283.

Verdict of Jury

Immediately after the jury had heard the testimony brought out before Police Justice Thompson the following verdict was rendered:

"We, the jury, find that the said J. C. Shelhorse came to his death from the effect of a gun-shot wound inflicted by James A. Davis, colored, about 8 p. m., June 25, 1918, and died at the Alexandria hospital about 9 p. m., June 25, 1918."

Shortly after the jurors had subscribed to this verdict Dr. Jones arrived and described the wound that caused the death of Shelhorse. Dr. Jones stated that the bullet entered the man's neck on the left side, perforating the aorta, and ranged downward, finally lodging in the spinal column. Death, he said, was due to an internal hemmorrhage.

Hall and Bricker, prohibition inspectors, who were with Shelhorse, testified to hearing pistol shots but did not witness the shooting. Horace Keney, colored, of Charlottesville, told the justice and jury, however, that he saw Davis shoot Shelhorse, providing the only direct testimony that could fasten the offense upon the accused. Nellie M. Hairston, colored, of Winston-Salem, N. C., and Arthur Roberts, colored, of Gaffney, S. C., testified that they heard shots but that they did not witness the shooting of Shelhorse. According to the evidence, Shelhorse was shot with Hall's pistol, which the negro had seized after his weapon had been knocked from his hand.

Removal Notice.

We have removed from our former place of business to 519 and 521 King street, where we shall be pleased to greet our old customers and all who may favor us with their patronage.

Weil Brothers.

151-3t.

Alexandria City and Suburbs

Mrs. J. Arthur Jeffers and Miss Effie Roberts have returned from a visit to their brother, Corporal Powell T Roberts, at Camp Mills, N. Y.

Mrs. C. Curtain has received word that her son, John T. Curtain, and Douglass Merchant have arrived safely overseas.

Mrs. William Herbert and Miss Ellen Herbert have returned from a visit to Mrs. Herbert's son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. George Doswell Brooke, at their home in Cumberland, Md.

Owing to the war conditions, the pupils of the Misses Rotchford held an informal gathering and went to Mt. Vernon last Saturday afternoon. Those receiving medals were the Misses L. Cradlin, I. Pierpoint, A. Coffman, M. Whitton, B and E. Ayers, A. and E. Park and F. Schwarzman.

George Aldridge Graney, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. William Graney, of 90 M street, N. W. Washington, D. C., formerly of this city, died at 2:15 o'clock this morning, at his parents' residence, and the funeral will be held from Wheatley's chapel Friday morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Bendheim have returned from a visit at Atlantic City.

Mrs. William F. Watkins has received information of the safe arrival overseas of her son, Corporal William Lewis Watkins.

Mrs. Joseph Leo Smith, of 1226 Prince street, has received the announcement of the safe arrival overseas of her husband.

Mrs. Ruth Irwin Brookes, wife of the late George D. Brookes and daughter of the late William H. and Ann B. Irwin, of Alexandria, died in Washington last Sunday.

Miss Pauline Brawner, of North Fayette street, has gone to Baltimore, where she will spend the summer with her sister, Mrs. Munday.

Weil Brothers this afternoon moved into their new store building at 521 King street. The store room has been completely remodeled by Contractor Samuel De Vaughan and is one of the most attractive meat stores in the city. A large modern ice box for meats has been installed in the rear of store. The upper floors of the building also have been remodeled and will be used for residential purposes.

Addison D. Peyton, of the University of Virginia Unit stationed at Camp Green, Charlotte, N. C., is the guest for a few days of his father, P. B. Peyton, on Braddock Heights.

A business meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church South will be held at 7 o'clock this evening in the Sunday school room of that church.

Edmund H. Roberts has sold to the Southern Railway Company part of a tract of land in West End adjoining the company's tracks. Claudia M. Harding has sold to the General Realty Company house 626 North Washington street. Wallace Lindsey has sold to Claudia M. Harding house 411 Duke street.

Miss Thelma Spivey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Spivey, of Mount Vernon avenue, and Willie V. Terry, Del Ray, were married last night at the residence of the bride's parents, Rev. Dr. E. V. Regester, pastor of the M. E. Church South officating. Afterward Mr. and Mrs. Terry departed for Denver where they will spend their honeymoon. Upon their return they will reside in Del Ray.

COUNCIL IN SESSION

Reports of Treasurer and Auditor Show Receipts and Expenditures in Last Fiscal Year—Latham Promises Better Gas.

The annual reports of Thomas W. Robinson, city treasurer, and E. F. Price, city auditor, read before city council last night, showed receipts from various sources during the last fiscal year aggregating $249,760.56 and expenditures amounting to $245,277.29. Commenting on these reports Councilman Burke said that the cost of maintaining the city government was increasing constantly and the revenues of the city must eventually be increased from one or more sources Council, he said, had not had the temerity to increase the price of gas while giving users an inferior quality of that necessity, but, he predicted, an increase is inevitable. Mr. Burke said that assessments cannot be increased until 1921 but in the meantime the city's expenses will be growing and something must be done to avoid facing a deficit. He said that council did not want to increase the tax rate and left the inference that the finance committee does not figure on increasing the city's revenues in that way. Mr. Burke called attention to the fact that the school population of Alexandria will be far greater next session than ever before in the history of the city and said that the salaries of the teachers must be increased. The lower board adopted a resolution increasing the pay of firemen $15 a month. In the board of aldermen this resolution went over until the next meeting under the rules.

Nine of the members of common council went on record in favor of a resolution appropriating $750 for the construction of a bandstand on Shooters Hill, where it is proposed to have band concerts at frequent intervals this summer. Mr. Burke said that but little had been asked of the city in connection with the present crisis and he therefore urged council to make the appropriation. Councilman Ruben suggested that the bandstand should be erected in a more central location but his suggestion did not meet with favor.

The Alexandria Hay & Grain Company asked permission to place scales on a certain portion of the sidewalk in Pendleton street, the city to use the scales free of cost. This was referred to the committee on streets.

President Smith named Councilmen Burke and Matter members of a special committee to consider a new draft of the proposed curfew law. The Alexandria Teachers' Association sent to council its approval of a law on this subject.

A petition for a sewer under North West street, between Princess and Oronoco streets, was referred to the committee on streets, as was an ordinance authorizing the Southern Railway Company to construct a side track on Union street near Gibbon street.

F. W. Latham, superintendent of gas, reported to council that four new benches and arches have been completed at the gas plant and that the water gas set has been received and will be installed in the near future. It is a case of "Hobson's choice as to coal," Mr. Latham said in his report, which placed the blame for inferior gas upon the quality of the coal the gas department is compelled to use.

Board of Aldermen.

All the Aldermen were present at the meeting last night. There was no discussion, and the board concurred in the action of the Common Council on all papers sent in.

RAIDER IN WEST INDIES

Hun Ship Reported Heavily Armed and Having 15-Knot Speed.

Norfolk, Va., June 26. — Reports brought here reveal the presence in West Indian waters of a German raider. The craft is heavily armed and capable of at least fifteen knots an hour.

Numerous reports have reached the water front within the last twenty-four hours from incoming skippers from South American ports regarding the strange craft with menacing guns, cruising in southern waters. The ship is said to be of the crusier type, rakishly built and showing a clean pair of heels when any attempt to get close up was made.

The fact that no effort has so far been made to halt or interfere with any of the sighting merchant ships leads to the belief here that she is the "mother ship" of the submarines recently operating offi this coast and that her armament is only for defense purposes.

The piratical craft is described as about 270 feet in length and her speed reported at from fifteen to twenty knots an hour.

There is also a belief among some that the craft is a former fruit steamer plying between Baltimore and South American ports, captured recently by the Hun sea wolves and converted into an enemy raider.

It is also said that both the American and British navies have been notified of the presence of the raider in the West Indies and that necessary steps have been taken to protect shipping.

Grand Theater Tomorrow

Hilda Spong is the star in "Divorced," the next of the Equitable's five-reel releases, which is coming to the Grand Theater tomorrow. This drama of city society life keeps the attention of those who see it from the start to the finish. There is not a dull moment in it, and the real heart interest follows the baby Eugene up through his school and college years to the time when he denounces the man who has deceived his mother, the court scene where she is tried for murder, the acquittal, and the reconciliation of mother and son, with Eugene winning the girl with whom he has been in love ever since childhood.

Notice.

A regular meeting of the Virginia Consistory No. 2 will be held Friday, June 28th, 1918 at 7:30 p. m.. All members and visiting brethern are requested to be present.

F. W. Latham,
K. C. C. H. Secty.

152-3t.

TALKS ON CURFEW LAW

Mrs. Kate W. Barrett Tells Common Council Law Should be Enacted to Protect the Children.

Mrs. Kate Waller Barrett, president of the Florence Crittenton Mission, last night appeared before common council and being given permission of the floor spoke in the interest of the proposed curfew law. Her address follows:

"Some points which should be covered, in any law, for the protection of the youth, by requiring the proper chaperonage for the young, during certain hours on the street.

"Many parents seem incapable of enforcing their own rules, others seem incapable of deciding what rules they should make for the proper guidance of their child. Both of these classes need help from the city. The third class of parents are entirely indifferent as to where their children go, or what they do. These need to be punished, and the city needs to protect itself from the ever-increasing number of delinquents, who are a burden to the taxpayers and a menace to civilization.

"In the interest of the child, and also from an economic consideration, we urge the passage of some law which will enable the city to protect the children who are deprived of proper guardianship. The law should be carefully drawn, so that it can be easily enforced, and carry with it no unnecesary hardships. The child breaking the law for the first time should be reprimanded, and the parent notified. The second offense, the parent should appear before a police justice, who should sit in such cases, as a juvenile court.

"The third offense, the child should be brought into the juvenile court and turned over to a probation officer.

"At the present time the War Community Service is co-operating with the local organizations in furnishing us a probation officer, for at least the next six months and this officer is placed at the disposal of the police court of Alexandria to take charge of any cases which need the services of a probation officer.

"It is the unanimous desire of every person who is familiar with conditions in Alexandria that some positive step be taken to protect the morals of the city from suffering from the prosperity which we all welcome. It is with no thought of interferring with legitimate business or pleasure, that this legislation is urged, but rather that both may be increased. The law should be drawn in such a way as not to work hardship. Children could be allowed to play on their own block, and when accompanied by a proper guardian, be on the street at any time. All children required to be out at night can be given permission by the properly constituted authority.

"All these difficulties have been successfully met in other cities and there is no reason why it cannot be done here."

THE PATRIOT

By ZIM

Contributed by Eugene Zimmerman to the National Security League's Campaign of Patriotism Through Education.

CAMPAIGN FOR SALE OF SAVINGS STAMPS OPENS IN ALEXANDRIA TOMORROW MORNING

City Has Been Divided Into Twenty Zones—Committee to Start Canvassing and Make Special Effort to Secure Alexandria's Apportionment of $20 for Each Person.

A meeting was held last night in the Chamber of Commerce of the workers appointed to conduct the campaign for the sale of War Savings Stamps in this city. Gardner L. Boothe presided and made an address relative to the need of an intensive campaign to give everybody in this city an opportunity to do their part. He plainly told his audience that the cost of the great conflict in which this country is now engaged must be paid for through the purchase of War Savings Stamps or Liberty Bonds, both of which are investments secured by the government, or else the cost of the war must be paid by increased taxes. It has been estimated by the Secretary of the Treasury that $20 is the average amount of stamps to be purchased by each individual.

Committees are being organized to visit the places of business and the homes throughout this city and in the window of every home where pledges have been made to purchase $20 worth of War Savings Stamps by each member of the family a Loyalty Card, W. S. S., 100 per cent will be hung. Pledges can be signed for War Savings Stamps to be delivered weekly or monthly from now until the close of this year. The banks are using every effort to sell the full allotment for this city and our citizens are urged to help the work of the committees by going to the banks and subscribing promptly. While small purchases are acceptable as evidence of patriotism it is necessary that Alexandria average $20 for each inhabitant.

For the purposes of canvassing the city has been divided into twenty zones. Each zone is in charge of a committee and this committee will be held responsible for the showing made in its zone. All these committees will meet promptly at 9:30 o'clock tomorrow, Thursday morning, at the Chamber of Commerce where they will receive literature and instructions for work.

Jitneys Must Pay War Tax

George K. Pickett, deputy collector of internal revenue, this city, stated today that he is now ready to collect revenue from all persons owning jitneys hauling either passengers or hauling freight. This license is operative from last November.

The tax fixed is 8 per cent on all passenger traffic and 3 per cent on all freight traffic. This means on the gross revenue of the jitney owners.

Persons who fail to call at the revenue office and make settlement by July 1 will be subject to the imposition of a penalty for their failure. The penalty is 200 per cent. Those, therefore, desiring to avoid paying this should call at the revenue office at once and settle with Mr. Pickett. This license tax is to be collected each month and owners are supposed to call at the office on or before the close of each month and make settlement.

U. S. TROOPS VICTORIOUS

German Losses in Killed and Wounded are Reported to be Heavy.

With the American Armies in France, June 26.—An American unit has taken over a new sector in German Alsace, it is now permissible to announce. Already it has repelled several minor German raids.

This new sector is in the vicinity of Gebweiler. The line runs through an extremely rugged territory of mountains, deep ravines and dense forests. It is the third sector taken over by the Americans in Alsace and the second in German territory.

With the Americans on the Marne, June 26.—The Americans took the remainder of Belleau wood last night.

The German losses in killed and wounded were extremely heavy. They also lost at least 221 prisoners, including a captain and six other officers. The Americans captured many machine guns.

Paris, June 26.—"A brilliant American operation in Belleau wood" and successful French raids on various portions of the front were reported by the French war office today.

"French raids in the Mailly-Reneval, Melicoeq, Vinly, Clornilet, and Lorraine regions resulted in the capture of prisoners and machine guns," the communique said.

"Another German attempt against our positions north of Leport was repulsed.

"American units conducted a brilliant operation in Belleau wood last night. Many prisoners, including a captain, are already numbered."

Notice, Elks No. 758.

Meeting Thursday, at 8. p. m. Work installation.

A. A. Paul,
Exalted Ruler.

151-2t

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE AND VIRGINIA ADVERTISER

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HOWARD W. SMITH, President and Treasurer

WILLIAM A. SMOOT....Vice President
EDWIN B. HARD, Editor and Manager.

MURDER ON A TRAIN.

The shooting of Prohibition Inspector J. C. Shelhorse by a desperate negro on a south bound Southern Railway train as it was entering the union passenger depot in this city late yesterday evening, has been the principal theme of conversation here during the past twenty-four hours. The details in connection with the tragedy will be found elsewhere in the Gazette.

During the past few years the people of Virginia have been divided as the real powers of prohibition inspectors who have been boarding and inspecting trains when it has been suspected liquor was being brought into Virginia and yesterday's unfortunate occurance has added additional interest to the issue.

While there is much to show that the officers were acting within their powers yesterday, as they had virtually placed the negro who was transporting liquor under arrest after the train entered the state, and that his attempt to break from them when it was approaching the depot proves that the black was a desperado bent upon mischief.

While people of this city deplore the murder the validity of the new prohibition law is questioned by some even those who are favor of keeping liquor out of the state.

According to the constitution of Viginia, warrants for individuals—not general warrants—should be procured before arrests are made, and the constitution of the United States is still more emphatic in this matter. Even under the new prohibition law, it is necessary to secure warrants before automobiles and other vehicles suspected of transporting liquor into the state can be stopped and searched, although inspectors are empowered to search trains when they have reason to believe the law is being violated.

But waiving the legal points which are urged here and there, all good citizens are expected to vie with the authorities, in enforcing and statute It has no terror for innocent persons, and in the interest of law and order, although the sonstitution of the state and nation may not countenance the search of baggage without a warrant, opening a suit case at the suggestion of an inspector could be done by a passenger without surrendering his constitutional rights. Americans upon reaching Liverpool are subject to search—that is they must make it plain to the custom officials that they are carrying no contraband articles. Upon their return home their baggage is subjected to search before are allowed to leave the pier.

The crime yesterday evening was committed by a desperate negro. He was also carrying a pistol, which he evidently intended using. It, however, was out of order and snapped each time he attempted to use it upon the officers. Shelhorse was killed with a pistol which the negro had forcibly taken from one of the deputies.

The victim of the negro had many friends and acquaintances in Alexandria. all whom sincerely regret his death. Little can be said apart from the fact that the official lost his life in the honest discharge of his duty.

WILL RAISE AGE LIMIT

Representative Thomas W. Harrison, of Virginia, a member of the House Committee on Military Affairs, in an interview yesterday, predicted that Congress will raise the age limit in the draft to 41 years in order to press into the army all idlers and unmarried men over 31 who are not engaged in useful occupations. Judge Harrison also declared this country must be prepared to practice rigid economy because it costs the United States fourteen times more to maintain its army than it does Germany. He predicts final victory for the allies. In the course of his interview Judge Harrison said:

"The question of raising the age limit for the draft from 21 to 41 years has been very seriously considered by the Military Affairs Committee of the House. The Secretary of War has not as yet asked for this change, and the increase in Class 1 to be derived from ages between 31 and 41 is so small in proportion to the total number of registrants, that it has been thought wise to postpone this change as long as possible.

"The very fact that a man is within the draft age is a disturbing factor not only in his business arrangements and business life, but in the business of the country itself. One who may be taken by the draft cannot lay his plans for the future as easily as one who is not subject to the draft and the great employer class of the country does not like to enter into arrangements with those who may be taken at an important crisis by the draft.

"By the time a man arrives at the age of 41 he is generally married and established in business. Such a man the government does not want to disturb. A man who has not established himself in business by the time he arrives at 41 is generally of very little account as a producer. There are, however, quite a large number of men between 31 and 41 who are not following useful occupations and who could be much more readily spared than some under 31. It is to reach this class that the War Department will eventually raise the age limit."

THE TIDE HAS TURNED

The tide of the war has definitely changed. After four years of uncertainty, of successive crises, of alternating brightness and gloom the current of events which had been running more heavily against the allies since the collapse of Russia, the downfall of Roumania and the opening of the unrestricted submarine campaign, the enemies of Germany have begun to see broad daylight ahead.

From this time forward it is the confident expectation of the whole group of allied governments that the military power of Germany will decline, whereas the strength of the allies, reinforced from the almost untouched reservoir of America, will steadily grow until the final crash.

This is the confident view taken of the situation as a whole by the higher officials of the American government and it no doubt reflects the view taken by the statesmen and military leaders in London, Paris, Rome and Tokio.

The Central Powers are in a ferment. Austria and Germany, both suffering from hunger and disease, are at odds upon many vital questions. Their civilian populations are sullen and disheartened, Bulgaria and Turkey are quarreling between themselves over Roumanian spoils and neither is co-operating effectively with Germany or Austria.

There may be much fighting yet to be done and doubtless will be, but the facts, reviewed as a whole, are distinctly encouraging from an allied standpoint.

THE BUTCHER OF BERLIN

Mrs. Muhlbach in her day wrote an interesting book entitled "The Merchant of Berlin." Gypsy Smith has given a suggestion that somebody in the near future might compose one entitled the "The Butcher of Berlin." The evangelist recently said:

"You have never seen the havoc, witnessed the slaughter, suffered the agony, felt the heartbreak that have come to the allies of Europe at the hands of those people who are not fit to be named in a civilized community. And all this to satisfy the diabolical ambition of the butcher of Berlin."

Miss Caprice in "Blued-Eyed Mary."

Smiling June Caprice will be shown on the screen at the Richmond tonight in William Fox's latest photoplay "Blue-Eyed Mary." In "Blue-Eyed Mary" Miss Caprice has one of the best stories of her career. ? It gives her a chance to display dramatic ability far beyond anything she has attempted before.

At the Surprise tonight, Jane and Katherine Lee will be seen in the funniest picture they have ever appeared in "The Troublemakers."

DISASTER TO AUSTRIANS

The rout of the Austrians by the Italians was one of the most sanguinary on record. It was a debacle in every way. Their losses are now estimated at nearly 250,000. Of these it is reported fully 20,000 were drowned in the retreat across the upper Piave. The Thirty-first and Thirty-second Austrian rifle regiments covered the enemy retreat until only eighty men remained unwounded. Then they surrendered. General Von Cronstadt, their commander, shot himself.

Editor Gazette:

At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce civic bureau last Monday night, the bureau voted for a liberal interpretation of the Sunday laws, and recommended that the board of directors of the chamber take the matter up. The vote of the civic bureau represents, in the opinion of the writer, the overwhelming sentiment of the community, and why no mention of the matter was made in the report of the meeting in last night's Gazette, the writer is unable to explain. While the action of the bureau does not bind the Chamber of Commerce on this question of public policy as that can only be done by the board of directors, it is nevertheless an expression of opinion on the part of many influential citizens, and as such, entitled to due publicity.

Leo P. Harlow.

(Note—The editor of The Gazette is informed that the by-laws of the Chamber of Commerce provide that no resolution by a bureau or committee, effecting a public policy, shall be published before action is taken by a meeting of the chamber or by a meeting of the board of directors.—Editor Gazette.)

GERMANY IS DISTURBED

Population Seething With Unrest and Disbelief Notwithstanding Assurances of Leaders.

Amsterdam, June 26.—Conditions in in Germany are rapidly growing more chaotic as is shown by newspapers arriving here.

While the military party is assuring the people that the war is almost over; that the capture of Paris is near and the German army will then go on to London, the population is seething with unrest and disbelief.

The food crisis grows more acute as the bread rations are again cut. Endeavors were made to have the German people celebrate the "successes" on the western front, but while a few factories and shops were beflagged, there was more depression than rejoicing.

The political situation is chaotic, the defeat of the Prussian reform bill having drawn clearly the line of dissension between the reactionary Junker majority and the Liberals, Socialists and Democrats.

Meanwhile the Conservatives repeat their demands for huge indemnities from the enemies of Germany to meet the frightful costs of war.

Placards are hung in cafes and public resorts in the larger cities bearing the words "Germany's Future," and picturing a German mother with a child in her arms. The object is to foster the propagation of the race, and public opinion is rapidly becoming calloused to illicit unions of the sexes. This is one of the gravest symptoms of the moral decadence of the Huns.

In Muehlheim the populace has nothing to eat but four pounds of bread a week per person. Hunger strikes are talked of, but the people are intimidated by the soldiery. In the manufacturing towns and industrial districts boys of 12 to 15 are being trained to use machine guns to suppress strikers' disturbances.

Germany definitely abandoned the idea of peace without annexations or indemnities espoused by the reichstag last year. Professor Ernest Troeltsch, in an article in the Munich Neueste Nachrichten, emphasizes this fact by saying "this is no longer possible, and the fact must be stated clearly." He demands indemnities from France and England. As to the Russian republics, he denies their right of self-determination, saying: "Their rights must by alliances and conventions be brought into accord with the vital interests of the central powers."

Thousands of Germans have been thrown out of employment by the compulsory closing of scores of businesses, arbitrarily forced to suspend by order of officials, and to offset the discontent aroused by its proposals have been laid before the reichstag providing that no business be closed without an order from the Imperial Economy Office.

JAILED FOR MOCK MARRIAGE.

Women Become Riotous at Charges Against Youth.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., June 26.—A pretended marriage to Miss Edna Davis, 17 years old, of Kingston, and attempt to escape responsibility for immoral relationship by enlisting, charges made against James White, 20 years old, were causes of a small riot in the vicinity of the office of Aldermen Ruddy Monday when women attempted to take White away from Constable Reilly. White enlisted Saturday and the charge against him immediately followed. Among them is one to the effect that he inserted an annuoncement of his fake marriage in the newspapers. He was sent to jail in default of bail.

Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of the late Luther M. Henderson, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt settlement with me, and all persons to whom said estate is indebted are requested to present their accounts properly certified for payment.

P. A. Kersey, administrator,
419 South Washington street.
142-10t.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Germans are about to make the greatest onslaught of the war, Caspar Whitney, military expert, cables from Paris to the New York Tribune. He predicts that the new drive will be a double drive against Amiens and Paris, and estimates that 162 enemy divisions are massing for the final effort to gain a decision. Mr. Whitney has just returned to Paris from an inspection of the entire British front and learns that the Germans have created many new artillery ammunition dumps, aerodromes and field hospitals. He describes the enemy's preparations as "feverish." Mr. Whitney declares that the thrust may come at any hour. He adds that the allies are well prepared and that "the Boche will never win."

Confidential reports received at the State Department yesterday show the German kaiser has already taken steps to prevent a collapse of his armies such as resulted in the Austrian debacle on the Italian front. The German people are being told not to expect the campaign plans of 1918 to end the war. Vague promises of victory in 1919 are being held out by the inspired press. The threatened withdrawal of Austria as the chief ally of Germany is shown to be a source of great concern at Berlin. The hurried departure of Gen. von Ludendorff from the western front for Vienna is to prevent a desperate peace drive by the dual monarchy.

That many government employes will resign if the Borland amendment, providing an eight-hour day for all Federal workers who are to share in the $10 pay increase effective July 1, becomes a law was the prediction last night of H. L. McLarin president of the National Federation of Federal Employes. Serious interference with the government's war work, he said, would result from the enactment of the amendment, which was adopted yesterday by the Senate and House conferees. Mr. McLarin declared the clerks are willing to do overtime work now when the war needs require it and the Borland amendment is unnecessary.

An absolute split in the administration on the prohibition question was evident yesterday. Although Postmaster General Burleson, Chairman Edward N. Hurley, of the Shipping Board, and Bainbridge Colby, a member of the board, all pleaded with the Senate Agricultural Committee not to report the Jones bone-dry amendment favorably, Secretary Daniels insisted that prohibition was the only proper solution of the liquor question.

A dispatch from San Salvador says great damage has been caused in Zacatecoluca and San Vicente by a tempest of unprecedented severity. Many houses were razed and a large area of the country at the foot of San Vicente volcano was devastated by an avalanche of volucanic mud from the slopes of the mountain.

Many bodies of the people caught in the inundation had been swept down the Lempa River.

Of six great cruiser type submarines, built by Germany, four have been destroyed by the allies, according to information which has come to the Navy Department. Details concerning the manner in which the craft were sent to the bottom were not disclosed. Department officials were plainly pleased, however. It is understood that American destroyers were responsible in part for the achievement.

Senator Sutherland, of West Virginia (Republican), is entitled to his seat in the United States Senate, the Senate privileges and elections committee decided yesterday, in dimissing the election contest brought a year ago by former Senator Chilton (Democrat). Mr. Chilton several months ago virtually agreed to abandon his contest for Senator Sutherland's seat, based on charges that excessive amount of money had been spent in the election and that irregularities had occurred in tabulating the returns. The committee also discussed Senator LaFollette's St. Paul speech, but deferred further consideration until next Friday.

Provost Marshal General Crowder last night called on the governors of all the states for the mobilization between July 22 and 25 of 220,000 white draft registrants qualified for military service. This call is expected virtually to exhaust the number of men now in Class A available for active service.

A Canadian hospital on a site behind the British front occupied for eighteen months was bombed by the Germans Monday night, and several persons, including doctors and officer-patients, were killed or seriously wounded.

Drawing of order numbers for the 800,000 men who registered for military service last June 5 will be held tomorrow in the same committee room in the Senate office building in which the first great national lottery was held a little more than a year ago.

The liquor business in Texas was abolished at midnight last night, when the state-wide prohibition law became effective. Saloons closed at 9:30 not to open again.

TWO LIFELESS IN ROOM.

Old Soldier and Woman Asphyxiated by Gas.

Atlantic City, June 26.—Elizabeth Welch, 40 years old, and Herman Williams, 70 years old and a veteran of the civil war, were found lifeless last night in a gas-filled room at No. 2116 Baltic avenue. The woman, practically nude, was lying on the floor and Williams was seated in a chair when they were discovered by Jennie Christopher, a neighbor.

The place where the bodies were found, conducted by Wiliams is alleged to have been a rendezvous for drug addicts.

FIRST OCEAN FLIGHT.

Various Planes of Allied Nations Plan to Take Part in Flying Across Atlantic.

New York, June 26.—The first 'cross Atlantic air fight, if tentative plans announced are carried out, bids fair to be an international free-for-all in which various kinds of air machines of the allies will compete.

The Aero Club of America is in accord with Major-General William Branckner, of the British Air Ministry, in the belief that a transatlantic flight will be possible in September. General Branckner's chief purpose in proposing the flight was to prove the practicability of America sending a large fleet of war planes to the allies.

The two types of planes most under discussion for the proposed flight are the land plane and the seaplane. The former would make a direct, non-stop flight, while the latter would take to the water when its fuel supply became exhausted, replenish from ships, and resume its journey.

DESERTERS KILL MAN

About Forty in Rebellion in Ashe County, Near Virginia Border.

Raleigh, N. C., June 26.—One man has been killed and two deserters, charged with the shooting, are in jail in Ashe County, near the Virginia border, according to reports to the Adjutant-General from W. E. McNeill, chairman of the Ashe County exemption board. About forty deserters, the chairman wired the adjutant-General, are in rebellion in the county, and the shooting occured in the attempt on the part of the citizens to make an arrest. Later, two alleged deserters were jailed by the authorities, charged with the shooting. The chairman of the board has wired Washington for soldiers under military direction.

Death Notice.

DIED—Wednesday, June 26, 1918, at 2:15 a. m., GEORGE ALDRIDGE GRANEY, aged 2 months, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Graney, at his parents' home, 90 M street, N. W., Washington, D. C. Funeral from B. Wheatley's Undertaking parlors, Friday, at 10:30 a. m. Friends and relatives invited to attend. 151-1t

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP.

Why use ordinary cough remedies, when Boschee's German Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-two years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease helping the patient to regain his health. Sold by Leadbeater Drug Corporation.

Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of the late John M. Matthews, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make prompt settlement with me, and all persons to whom said estate is indebted are requeste dto present their accounts properly certified for payment.

Morton B. Apperson,
2032 Duke street, Alexandria, Va.
144-10t

Classified Advertising

FOR SALE — At public auction on Saturday, June 29, at 12 o'clock in front of Market building, one covered Gypsy wagon, with four sleeping compartments. Also one two-seated surrey. Terms of sale, cash. R. B. Washington, Justice of Peace. 152-3t

WANTED—Girls at the Pants Factory, second story, Gazette building, 317 King street, Alexandria; $6 per week while learning; best wages paid experienced stitchers on sewing machines. Apply at once. 152-6t

Your Winter's Coal Supply

On account of rulings of the U. S. Fuel Administration, it seems doubtful if Virginia will receive sufficient anthracite coal to supply the demands. If present rulings are maintained, this shortage will be very great in Alexandria and we earnestly advise our customers to put in a reasonable amount of bituminous coal as a safeguard against a coal shortage next winter.

We are now securing some very fine bituminous coal which we believe will work in all characters of coal burners but the Latrobe stoves.

W. A. SMOOT & COMPANY, INC.

FOR SALE

ATTRACTIVE HOMES IN COTTAGE PARK, ROSEMONT, OTHER SUBURBS AND COUNTRY, ALSO IN THE CITY.

M. L. HORNER
612 KING STREET. PHONE 269.

WANTED—Experienced Sales ladies Apply at once. D. Bendheim & Sons. 151-2t.

FOR RENT—Store, Corner Fairfax and Duke street, city. Apply to Alexandria Coffee Co. 150-3t

RUSH ORDERS of Printing executed with speed and accuracy. Harry W. Wade, Printing and Publishing, 313 King street. Phone 60.

VULCANIZING, Goodyear system, Tire and Tube Repair Company, 127 South Fairfax street. Your patronage is respectfully solicited. 149-6t

FOR SALE—The Downey Stock Farm 1 mile west of Alexandria on Southern R., and Washington Southern Ry. Property in fine condition with good buildings will be sold as whole or divided. Apply to Laurence Stabler, 415 Prince street. 145-7t.

WANTED—Kitchen man for night work, good wages to right man. Apply at Monticello Cafe, 807 King street 145-tf

WANTED—Room or rooms, for light housekeeping perferred; man and wife. State location and rental. Address "Permenent," care Gazette. 150-3t.

WASHINGTON VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

In Effect February 23, 1918.

Subject to Change Without Notice.

Leave Alexandria for Washington.

A. M.—*5.00, †5.40, †6.00, *6.10, 6.20, *6.30, 6.40, *6.50, 7.00, *7.10, 7.20, *7.30, *7.35, 7.40, *7.45, *7.50, *7.55, 8.00, *8.05, *8.10, 8.20, *8.30, 8.40, 9.00, 9.20, 9.40, 10.00, 10.20, 10.40, 11.00 11.20, 11.40.

P. M.—12.00, 12.20, 12.40, 1.00, 1.20, 1.30, 1.40, 1.50, 2.00, 2.10, 2.20, 2.30, 2.40, 2.50, 3.00, 3.10, 3.20, 3.30, 3.40, 3.50, 4.00, 4.10, 4.20, 4.30, 4.40, 4.50, 5.00, 5.10, 5.20, 5.30, 5.40, 5.50, 6.00, 6.10, 6.20, 6.30, 6.40, 6.50, 7.00, 7.10, 7.20, 7.30, 7.40, 8.00, 8.20, 8.40, 9.00, 9.20, 9.40, 10.00, 10.20, 10.40, 11.00 11.20, 11.40. A. M.—12.00.

*Except Sundays and Holidays.
†Except Sundays.

Leave Alexandria For Mt. Vernon

A. M.—†5.35, 6.55, 7.55, 8.55, 9.50, 10.35, 11.35.

P. M.—12.35, 1.35, 2.35, 3.35, 4.35, 5.35, 6.35, 7.35, 8.35, 9.35, 10.35, 11.55

†Except Sundays.

Insure the home NOW—don't delay another day. This is the season in which most fires occur. Insuring through this agency means ABSOLUTE PROTECTION at regular rates.

LAURENCE STABLER
415 Prince Street. Alexandria, Va.

FOR RENT—Furnished room, 303 S. Washington street. Phone 575W. 150-3t.

WANTED AT ONCE—Experienced lady stenographer, apply to Alexandria Air Craft Corporation 150-3t

W. B. MAUPIN
Automobile Repair Shop
corner of Queen and Payne streets.

Washington Southern Ry.

Schedule In Effect June 10, 1918.

For Washington and points north daily, 8:08, 9:53, 10:03 a. m., 12:13, 12:28; 1:18, 2:58, 3:18, 10:13, 11:33 p. m.

Week days only, 6:20 p. m. Saturdays only 5:05 p. m., and Sundays only 8:18 p. m.

For Fredericksburg, Richmond and points south at 3:35, 7:55 (local) and 9:47, a. m.; 2:27, 2:47, 5:17 (local) 6:17, 8:17, 9:17 p. m. daily.

Accommodation for Quantico at 10:50 a. m daily and 2:53 p. m. Saturdays. Night train leaves 11:48 p. m. daily for Fredericksburg and intermediate stations.

NOTE—Times of arrival and departure and connections not guaranteed.

HENRY K. FIELD & COMPANY
Lumber and Mill Work
Quick Shipments — Grades Guaranteed

"The Store of Greater Service"
LANSBURGH & BRO
Washington, D. C.

ART SPECIALS
Worth Knowing About

And which you'll say are well worth buying when you see them. At $1.00 Pair.

White Pillow Shams made of sheer material, finished with drawn work and embroidery. At 59c Each.

54-inch White Linene Scarfs trimmed with linen cluny lace. At 50c Each.

Odds and ends of cretonne scarfs and pillows to close out at 50c.

Third Floor—Lansburgh & Bro.

Big Shipment
LINEN CLUNY LACES and INSERTIONS
At 12c Yard

These Linen Cluny Laces and Insertions are so hard to get that these have been on order since January and have just been shipped to us. Therefore, you get them at special prices. Dainty lace weight laces 1-2 to 2 inches wide. Small sizes for women's and children's clothes. A heavier style 1 1-2 to 4 inches.

S. Kann Sons Co.

"THE BUSY CORNER" PENNA. AVE. AT 8 TH. ST.
Open 9:15 a. m. to 6 p. m.

White Georgette Hats

A Triumph in Milinery Art

—The designer who conceived the idea of using white georgette for millinery was a real artist, as the soft white in its folds and semi-transparent effect as well as its light weight makes this the ideal summer hat.

—Many are self-trimmed, others are trimmed with fringe or a large pearl pin.

—Small shapes and larger shapes, picture effects; suitable for wear with white or colored summer dresses, and very effective with either.

At $7.50 and $10.00

Kann's—Second Floor.

Better Cooking by Electricity

Women have long known that electric cooking is cleaner, that it banishes all the dust and ashes of coal and wood and soot and fumes of gas. They have known that it makes the kitchen cooler; the air purer; that is the most convenient way to cook. Now they have the word of the women who stand for the most scientific cooking methods known, that electric cooking produces better results than any other means.

Let us demonstrate the various sizes of ranges and refer you to the satisfied electric range users.

Alexandria County Lighting Company

624 King Street Phone 193

OUR FINAL FIGURES Show that approximately

1,000 Subscribers

Purchased through this bank
THIRD LIBERTY LOAN BONDS
Amounting to $191,400-00

We desire to express our appreciation and thanks for this liberal patriotic response to our Country's call.

The Citizens National Bank

Corner King and St. Asaph Streets.

The Alexandria National Bank

Deal with the tall Bank on the corner of King and Royal Streets.

All transactions from the smallest to the greatest receive careful personal attention.

Home people and strangers welcome.

3 PER CENT PAID ON SAVINGS.

For Sale

FOR SALE—Possession July 20, brick, six rooms, electric lights, hot water heat, modern in every respect, excellent location.

Graham & Ogden

530 King Street.

GEMS OF THE FIRST WATER

and a present that will grace the throat or the hand of a Queen. No matter what pattern you may choose from our line, you are sure of getting excellent workmanship and stones of dependable quality, in addition to original designs of the highest order.

Saunders & Son

529 King Street.

VIRGINIA NEWS

The commerical apple crop of Frederick county is not expected to exceed 550,000 barrels this fall, according to expert estimates made. The crop of 1916 was about 650,000 barrels while that of last year did not go over 850,000. barrels.

William T. Hicks of Fredericksburg fell from a ladder at the Germania mills Monday morning and was so badly injured that he died two hours later. His skull was crushed and he never regained consciousness. He was 60 years old.

Within the last 10 days 11 deserters have been arrested by Federal agents in Patrick county. Some of the men had been at large since November hiding in the mountains and receiving outside assistance. All of the men have been taken to Camp Lee and men charged with aiding and abetting the fugitives are being kept in the Patrick county jail to await action by the Federal grand jury.

Following a search of several hours, the lifeless body of John Sechrest, aged sixty years, was found Saturday afternoon in a half reclining posture against the wall in the old chair factory buildng on Seventh street extension with a bullet hole in his head. A 32-caliber revolver at his feet, with one cartridge exploded, furnished evidence for the belief that he committed sucide.

The police commissioners of Petersburg held a special meeting yesterday evening to consider the resignation of Chief of Police James Brockwell. Chief Brockwell's resignation was due to a statement alleged to have been made by Capt. E. L. De Camp, provost marshall of Camp Lee, in which he was quoted as telling the police commissioners that Brockwell was not qualified to hold the position. Action on Chief Brockwell's resignation was deferred to a later day.

Four special trains bringing approximately 2,000 men from Pennsylvania, Virginia and West Virginia, a majority of whom were from Pennsylvania, reached Camp Lee yesterday. Of those from Virginia 125 were from Norfolk. Thirteen hundred Virginians arrived at the camp Monday evening, 300 of whom were from Richmond. Pennsylvania is to furnish 9,000 men and Virginia and West Va., 3,000 each in this new movement. There are now at the veterinary training school at Camp Lee about 150 instructors and about 2,000 men.

Six members of the Richmond police force who have been indicted were temporarily suspended by Chief Sherry yesterday. This is the outcome of the recent grand jury report. Former Chief Sowell, who had been demoted to the ranks and granted a furlough of thirty days, expiring yesterday and who had signified his intention to resign, has been given a fifteen-day extension.. Every member of the force against whom charges have been made will be given a trial. Evidence will have to be submitted at these trials of such a nature as will sustain action by the court or the mayor.

Through the efforts of G. M. Inman of Richmond, special agent of the United States Department of Labor the farmers of Frederick, as well as those of any other county of the State, have been assured of ample labor to harvest the season's crops. Mr. Inman, who was in Winchester yesterday, stated that any farmer desiring help can get it by making application, through the local draft boards, to the furlough officer at Camp Lee, who will at once send the required number of men to the farms for the number of days indicated in the application. Practically all the red tape heretofore encountered had been cut away, Mr. Inman stated, and he urged farmers not to hesitate to place their applications at once.

Premo Christopher, an aged negro woman, and her three-year-old grandchild, Lucile Smith, were killed yesterday afternoon by being struck by an airplane from Langley Field at Hampton. The machine, in which were Lieutenants Addington and Edwards, was forced to make a landing just on the outskirts of the town owing to engine trouble. Quite a crowd gathered around the machine, and when the airmen started to ascend again they gave orders for all to get out of the way. The crowd cleared away, but the aged woman, carrying the babe in her arms, became excited and ran under the machine, the wing of which struck both the child and the woman, killing both.

Notice.

To Holders of Mutual Ice Company Bonds.

The following bonds have been drawn for payment and must be presented at the First National Bank on or after July 1, 1918. No interest will accrue after July 1.

Nos. 22, 30, 83 of $1000, bonds, Nos. 3, 6, 46 of $500 bonds, Nos. 12, 22, 26, 38, 91 of $100 bonds.

J. K. M. Norton,
Trustee.

150-6t

"IMPERIAL GERMANY"

WHAT IT IS

By DR. TALCOTT WILLIAMS,
Director of the Columbia University School of Journalism.

Talcott Williams.

Based on the principle, immoral in ethics, tyrannical in operation, and perilous to all liberty, that certain men are born to rule, the "Imperial German Government" has for a generation been the foe of liberty and the enemy of freedom. Its whole influence has been thrown to suppress freedom in the four Balkan states. It has prevented their peaceful development, refused to enforce the Treaty of Berlin, which would have brought peace, and is responsible for four Balkan wars. A score of years ago it supported the bloodthirsty Sultan of Turkey in Armenian massacres, and the officers of the "Imperial German Government" have aided and abetted these massacres now because the Armenians worked and planned for liberty when other races in Turkey were quiescent. It is the "Imperial German Government" which is responsible for 800,000 Armenians, starved to death as Germans themselves testify.

"Secret Enemy."

In 1908, when the revolutionary Turkish government was for freedom, Germany opposed it; when it became tyrannical Germany made this government its ally. The German government harassed France not merely because it was its ancient enemy, but because its success as a republic made the French people perilous to princes. The German government plotted to restore the Manchu Emperor and the Russian Czar to their thrones.

Because the American people by its prosperity and power made liberty desired by all the world the German government has been its secret enemy. Thirty years ago it plotted against our treaty rights in Samoa; it sent its fleet to worry and threaten Dewey at Manila in 1898; it offered to England, which refused, to overturn the Monroe Doctrine in Mexico. It has in fifteen years threatened Venezuela, Mexico, Hayti and other American states. When we were maintaining peace under great provocation, it proposed to Mexico and Japan to attack us, both refusing. It betrayed international faith in the dispatches sent through the Swedish Minister. It filled our land with spies, sought unavailingly to embroil us with those of German birth resident in this country, slaughtered our citizens on the high seas, contrary to all law, national and international, human and divine.

"Bore Much."

We waited long, we bore much, and we are now sending our sons to the war declared against the "Imperial German Government" because the record of thirty years shows that neither liberty nor democratic institutions are safe the world over while that government is powerful. We wisely prefer, after what Belgium suffered, to fight Germany "somewhere in France" rather than in New York harbor; on the Somme, rather than on the Hudson. In one or the other we should have had to fight. In 1776 we sent our sons to fight for American liberty, and we won it. In 1812 we fought for the freedom of the sea, and we won that. In 1861 we sent our sons to fight for the liberty of the slave, and we won that. Today we send our sons out to fight for the liberty of humanity, and we shall win that.

EDITORIAL

THE PARAMOUNT ISSUE.

Good Americans will indorse outright the program of the National Security League to prevent the election or re-election of any members of Congress this year who are not known to be vigorous proponents of the war or who can be lured to support any specious efforts at an inconclusive peace. The country needed such a nonpolitical organization as the league to lead the fight against the milk fed officeholders and office seekers who, in many parts of the country are catering to the hopes of the people that the war may be ended, even though it is not ended right. The league can come to Colorado, for instance, and build fires under two or three politicians who probably will seek re-elections here and, without its motives being questioned, can expose the rank pacifism which has featured their political careers.

Just how the war will terminate will depend mostly upon the United States. Just what the United States will do depends in a great measure upon Congress. If there is a strong sentiment for premature peace in its membership the task of putting through our war program until our institutions are absolutely safe will be complicated. We are pledged now to go through with the war by force, "without stint or limit," and we must support that pledge by electing men to Congress who will "stay put" on the issue until victory is won.

For that matter, Americans should be careful about electing anybody to any office now who is not clear-cut on the war. Men of no particular force in private life have much weight added to their opinions when they are clothed with the authority of office. We cannot afford to have any such backing the pacifists in the dark days of the war that are to come. We must make this a poor reason for "yellow dog" office seekers of whatever grade or party or politics.—Colorado Springs Gazette.

PUBLICITY AND CRITICISM.

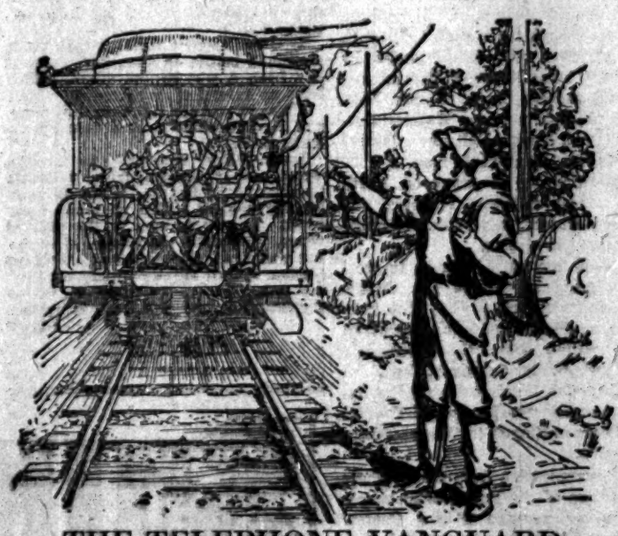
"Congress shall make no law • • • abridging the freedom of speech or of the press," so reads a clause in our Constitution.

This is a wise provision. The citizens of a democracy should at all times know of and be able to criticise the management of their affairs. Investigation and criticism in the present war have been of great benefit in hastening our preparation by pointing out errors that have been made. There is no doubt whatever that the great safeguards in the conduct of the war are almost unlimited publicity and the right of criticism.

We are told that constructive criticism is always welcome, but who is to decide what is constructive? Why not criticism without the adjective? Most citizens believe that Universal Military Training as a corrective of our unpreparedness would have been constructive, and yet it was not adopted. Who can tell, if it had been accepted when first proposed, what the result would have been on this war!

If we had had more publicity upon the production of aeroplanes, shipping and ordnance, the suggestions of thinking men would unquestionably have stimulated the rapidity with which these articles were being produced, and the delays that have occurred might have been avoided.

There are things the Government cannot make public, and these the people do not ask to know. But in the main full information concerning the progress of preparation can safely be given to the people. It is the people's war; it is a war supported by the people, financially and physically, and suggestions by them should be sought and considered.



THE TELEPHONE VANGUARD

As fast as the buildings at the camps and cantonments have been erected, permanent central office equipment has been installed, poles have been set and wires strung, and additional trunk lines run to the central offices in nearby towns and cities.

Thus each camp headquarters is in direct telephone communication with Washington.

THE CHESAPEAKE AND POTOMAC TELEPHONE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA

C. J. SOBOTKA, Local Manager.
Tel 12000 105 N. Alfred Street, Alexandria, Va.

SWAN BROS

Alexandria's Leading Department Store.

Remnant Sale Thursday

We will have on sale Thursday a large variety of new remnants and mil lends, which will be specialily priced for quick sale. Among them will be found Bleached and Unbleached Cotton, Percales, Dress Ginghams, White Goods and Sheetings, Draperies, Men's and boy's Furnishings, etc., etc.

FOR SALE

Price $4500

On North Patrick Street. A detached modern two story brick home of 7 rooms and bath. Immediate possession can be given a quick buyer. The lot is 32x80.

See us or phone 806.

Alexander Suter, Inc.,
529 King Street.

The First National Bank

OF ALEXANDRIA VIRGINIA

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO DELIVER ALL

Liberty Bonds

PURCHASED THROUGH THIS BANK
and
Paid for in full

BURKE & HERBERT, Bankers

Established 1852

High Grade Investment Bonds 1st Mortgages on Real Estate

Deposits Received Subject to Check 3 Per cent. paid on Savings Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent. Letters of Credit and Travelers Express Cheques.

PROTOX
Pure Ground Meat Scraps
For Poultry
Telephone or Write Us For Descriptive Book.
ALEXANDRIA FERTILIZER & CHEMICAL CO.

For Coughs and Colds, CHERRY COUGH SYRUP. The old formula, the old price 25c. Ouylon Tablets 10c and 25c. We have in stock a full line of standard remedies for coughs and colds External and internal.

Leadbeater Drug Corporation

WANTED AT ONCE.
At the highest cash prices,
20,000 Bags and
10,000 pounds Burlap
also all kinds of old junk, such as Old iron, Rags, Rubber, Rope, Bones, Brass, Copper, Zinc, Lead and Metals of all kinds, also old Autos and Auto tires, etc.

We also buy all kinds of paper and paper Stock, bags, and burlap.

Ship us your goods We pay the highest prices. Checks mailed same day goods are received.

CAPITAL JUNK COMPANY
Phone 559W.
1210 King Street, Alexandria, Va.

COMMERCIAL AND FANCY
STATIONERY
Office Supplies

S. F. DYSON & BRO.
Booksellers and Stationers.
420 King Street.

Buy Now War Savings Stamps

Space contributed to the winning of the war.

BANNER STEAM LAUNDRY

RICHMOND THURS. JUNE 27

"The Ordeal of Rosetta"

A thrilling picture, superbly acted and artistically produced, starring charming

Alice Brady

Miss Brady portrays a dual role of twin sisters—entirely different, physically, mentally and morally.

—SURPRISE TONIGHT—
CARMEL MYERS
in
"THE LASH OF POWER"
A dramatic story of a man crazed by power.
THE SCREEN TELEGRAPH WEEKLY NEWS

SURPRISE TOMORROW
BLANCHE SWEET
IN
"THE EVIL EYE"
A tense story of an American girl's adventures among Mexicans
ALSO ONE-REEL COMEDY.

At the Richmond Tonight

"Fatty" Roscoe Arbuckle

In the side-splitting comedy

"Moonshine"

EXTRA ATTRACTION Sessue Hayakawa in "Hashimura Togo"

From the famous stories of the same name by Wallace Irwin.

A picture that will drive away the blues.

KUEHLMANN SPEAKS

War's End Through Other Than Military Decisions, He Says.

London, June 26.—Out of the gloom and disgust that have hung heavily upon Berlin ever since Austria's Italian drive proved a bloody fizzle, stepped yesterday the gentle Kuehlmann, to address a few remarks to the world, through the medium of the reichstag. It was a singularly paradoxical effusion; smooth and crude, apologetic and threatening, conciliatory and warlike. Political wiseacres, scrutinizing it late today as the full text came in, were strongly inclined to look upon it as hastily put-together substitute for a quite different speech, one which would have been made had Austria succeeded in her bold plan to "put Italy out of the war."

Yesterday's meeting of the reichstag had been long and widely advertised by Berlin itself. The imperial chancellor, Count von Hertling, had been scheduled to make the chief address. A peace offer, with more or less explicit statements of the central powers' aims, was generally looked for. But the program, based as it was upon Italy's utter collapse, fell to pieces, and the smooth-tongued foreign minister was put forward to make the best of the situation—for someone had to say something.

Three points stand out in the German foreign minister's address:

1. Germany, he said, would not turn a deaf ear to a peace proposal "not couched in ambiguous terms," but "mutual confidence in each other's honesty and chivalry" was one of the preliminary conditions for an exchange of peace views.

2. The war's end, Dr. von Kuehlmann asserted—and it is the first admission of its kind emanating from a German statesman—"can hardly be expected through purely military dicisions alone, and without recourse to diplomatic negotiations."

3. He placed the chief blame for the war on Russia, naming England as only third in the list of the powers he charged with responsibility for the conflict and France second.

Next in importance was his declaration that Germany did not desire to "bind herself" with regard to Belgium, as long as the allies remained silent on the subject.

TO SPEAK AT MOUNT VERNON.

July Fourth Address of World Importance is Expected of Wilson.

Twenty-seven foreign born citizens each one representing a different nation, and headed by President Wilson, will make a pilgrimage to the tomb of Washington in connection with the pageant and celebration of Independence day, which will be the most memorable since 1776.

The President has called upon all loyal and patriotic American citizens to join in making July 4, 1918, the greatest of Independence days. On this day we have the opportunity of welcoming the foreign born, not only as citizens in the eyes of the law, but as Americans, in name, in principle and in belief—one people and one country.

The President's address is awaited with deep interest by official and diplomatic circles for it has been indicated that he will take the public into his confidence and speak frankly of many questions which are uppermost in the minds not only of the American people, but in the minds of the rulers and peoples of our allies.

In order to set at rest rumors that, in the event of rain, there will be an alternate day for the celebration it has been announced by the committee on arrangements that it will be held rain or shine.

TO ASSIST MOONEY.

Demonstration is Planned in Washington July 29.

Labor delegates from all parts of the country will participate in a demonstration in this city, July 29, to protest against the execution of the death sentence imposed upon Thomas J. Mooney. Resolutions thanking President Wilson for his efforts in behalf of the convicted labor leader will also be adopted.

The labor delegates will call upon the President thanking him for his aid in asking the governor of California for a new trial, and later they will hold a mass meeting on the Ellipse. W. Bourke Cockran, of New York, a former member of Congress and an attorney for Mooney, will be the principal speakers.

July 28 has been set aside by organized labor as a national Mooney day. As July 28 falls on a Sunday the visit to the President was postponed to the following day.

SLAIN AS HE SLEPT.

Victim's Room-mate Says Shooting Was Accidental.

Pennsgrove, N. J., June 26.—Comedo Domencio, 22 years old, met instant death early Monday morning from a revolver shot while lying in bed at his boarding house here. The ball entered his face alongside the nose, and penetrated the base of the skull, where it was found by Dr Lamborn, who made an autopsy immediately after the shooting.

Fortinato Peppers, his wife, who runs the house, and Dominick Arigri, a room-mate of the victim, are being held pending the Coroner's inquest, which will be held Thursday.

There is considerable mystery surrounding the shooting, the authorities being in doubt whether it was murder, suicide or an accident. Domenico came home early in the evening and went to bed. He had been drinking. Later his room-mate, Arigi, went into the room and, according to his story, found Domenico lying on the bed fooling with a big revolver. Arigri says he stooped down to remove his shoes, when he heard a report and saw the man writhing on the bed. He aroused the house-hold, and later the police were notified. No one else claims to have witnessed the shooting.

Ten men and two women found in the house were arrested and committed as witnesses.

A Comedy of Merit.

The Blue Ridge mountains are the scene of Roscoe (Fatty) Arbuckle's newest Paramount comedy, "Moonshine," which is to be shown at the Richmond Theater today. This is a delightful concoction filled with laughs galore.

A comedy that will prove a most effective antidote for the blues or anything faintly resembling them, is "Hashimura Togo," which will also be seen tonight at the Richmond, is a fascinating screened version of Wallace Irwin's own Japanese schoolboy stories which are so familiar to readers of the magazines and newspapers of this country.

Trio to Be Arraigned Tomorrow

Charles Gamble, Robert L. Newman and Mrs. Catherine D. Burgess, all three of whom were indicted yesterday by a special grand jury in the Circuit Court for participation in the murder of John P. Werres, Washington jitney driver, will be formally arraigned tomorrow morning in that court before Judge John T. Goolrick, of Fredericksburg, Va., at which time a date will be fixed upon for their trials.

Separate trials will be asked for and it is expected that the accused parties will be tried early during the coming month.

OFFICIAL.

At a regular meeting of the Board of Aldermen of the city of Alexandria, Va., held Tuesday June 25, 1918, there were present F. F. Marbury, Esq., president, and Messrs. Anderson Robinson, Harrison, Wilkins, Ballenger, Summers and Batcheller.

A petition from Thomas A. Fisher for permission to erect a shed in the rear of his premises, No. 120 North Columbus street, granted.

The following received from the Common Council and their action concurred in:

Report from the superintendent of gas was received; also petition from sundry property owners for sewer on West street from Princess to Oronoco streets, referred to committee on streets.

An ordinance for permission of the Southern Railway Company to construct a spur track on Union street across Gibbon street along west side of Union street to a piece of property to be acquired by the Standard Oil Company.

Resolution increasing the paid members of the Fire Department $15 was laid over under the rules.

Report of the city treasurer received showing receipts of $249,760.56 expenses $245,277.29, showing balance in city treasury of $4,483.27.

An ordinance providing for the collection of ashes, house waste and garbage referred to committee on streets.

Petition from the Alexandria Hay and Grain Company for permission to build scales on Pendleton street between Henry and Fayette streets referred to streets.

Petition appropriating $750 for a bandstand on Shuters Hill referred to committee on finance.

Curfew law referred to special committee of two (Robinson and Ballenger) to act with similar committee from council for further consideration.

The board then adjourned.

F. F. Marbury,
President.

W. W. Ballenger,
Clerk Pro Tem.

Common Council.

At a regular meeting of the Common Council of the city of Alexandria, Va., held June 25, 1918, there were present Howard W. Smith, Esq., president, and Messrs. Matter, Ruben, Armstrong, Wattles, Desmond, Pohl, Ballenger and Devers.

Mrs. Kate Waller Barrett was granted the privilege of the floor and addressed the board in the interest of a law to protect the youths of the city.

An ordinance to provide for the collection of ashes, house waste and garbage was read the first time and referred to the committee on streets.

An ordinance granting to the Southern Railway Company the right to construct side track on Union street north of Gibbon street, was read the first time and referred to the committee on streets.

The annual reports from the City Gas Department, W. E. Latham, superintendent, and John B. Waller, clerk, with detailed statements, were received.

The auditor's annual report showing receipts and expenditures, general fund fiscal year ending May 31, 1918, was received.

Report of the city treasurer in account with the Corporation of Alexandria for fiscal year ending May 31, 1918, was received.

A resolution that the pay of the paid members of the Fire Department be increased fifteen ($15) dollars each per month from June 1, 1918, to May 31, 1919, was recommended by the joint committee on finance and fire and passed. Ayes, Messrs. Matter, Reuben, Armstrong, Wattles, Desmond, Pohl, Burke, Ballenger, Devers and Mr. President (10); noes, 0.

A petition for a sewer on North West street between Princess and Oronoco streets was referred to the committee on streets.

A resolution by Mr. Burke to erect a bandstand in George Washington Park was referred to the joint committee on finance and public property.

A petition from the Alexandria Hay and Grain Company, Inc., for permission to erect scales on Pendleton street between Henry and Fayette streets was referred to the committee on streets.

A communication from the Teachers Association of the Public Schools recommending passage of the Curfew Law was referred to the special committee.

The curfew law which was laid on the table at the last meeting was called from the table and referred to a special committee, Messrs Burke and Matter.

A petition from Thomas A. Fisher to erect frame shed rear of No. 120 North Columbus street was received from the Board of Aldermen and their action concurred in.

The board then adjourned.

Howard W. Smith, Esq.,
President.

Teste—
Daniel R. Stansbury,
Clerk Common Council.

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The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

The difference between a pessimist and an optimist is a cup of

MAXWELL HOUSE COFFEE

"It turns up the corners of the mouth."

Good coffee is one of the good things of life that anyone can enjoy. Get Maxwell House of your grocer. In sealed tins only. Whole, ground (steel cut), or pulverized.

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"A SPLENDID TONIC"

Says Hixson Lady Who, On Doctor's Advice, Took Cardui And Is Now Well.

Hixson, Tenn.—"About 10 years ago I was..." says Mrs. J. B. Gadd, of this place. "I suffered with a pain in my left side, could not sleep at night with this pain, always in the left side...

My doctor told me to use Cardui. I took one bottle, which helped me and after my baby came, I was stronger and better, but the pain was still there.

I at first let it go, but began to get weak and in a run-down condition, so I decided to try some more Cardui, which I did.

This last Cardui which I took made me much better, in fact, cured me. It has been a number of years, still I have no return of this trouble.

I feel it was Cardui that cured me, and I recommend it as a splendid female tonic."

Don't allow yourself to become weak and run-down from womanly troubles. Take Cardui. It should surely help you, as it has so many thousands of other women in the past 40 years. Headache, backache, sideache, nervousness, sleeplessness, tired-out feeling, are all signs of womanly trouble. Other women get relief by taking Cardui. Why not you? All druggists. NC-139

BOYCOTT HUN CIRCUS

Dutch Protest Against Consumption of Food by Show Animals.

London, June 26.—Holland is boycotting Hagenbeck's circus, now showing in Amsterdam. Protests have been lodged with the Dutch government against the presence in Holland of the famous German menagerie, on the ground that the animals eat food that should be used to remedy the nation's food shortage.

TIME IS THE TEST.

The Testimony of Alexandria People Stands the Test.

The test of time is what tells the tale. The public soon finds out when misrepresentations are made, and merit alone will stand the test of time.

Alexandria people appreciate merit, and many months ago local citizens publicly endorsed Doan's Kidney Pills; they do so still. Would a citizen make the statement which follows unless convinced that the article was just as represented? Below is testimony such as the sufferer from Kidney ills is looking for.

Mrs. G. W. Davis, 107 Prince St., Alexandria, says: "Doctors treated me for along while and pronounced my case of kidney trouble a severe one. Often I felt so listless and nervous, I almost gave up hope. Doan's Kidney Pills brought me relief after everything failed. Doan's strengthened my kidneys and removed the trouble."

THREE YEARS LATER Mrs. Davis added: "I still take Doan's Kidney Pills occasionally when my kidneys don't act as they should. I always get quick relief."

Price 60c., at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Davis had. Foster-Milburn Co., Mfgrs., Buffalo, N. Y.

During the period of the War, we will not sell an American Midget Marvel Mill unless its purpose is to supply the local needs of a community, or our Government, with flour and feed.

DO YOUR BIT. Help the Government by saving the freight on wheat and flour. Relieve the railroads of this unnecessary congestion by establishing in your community one of these wonderful American Midget Marvel Roller Flour Mills.

And Make Money, Too

$150 to $1,000 per month can be made with this permanent, substantial and dignified business.

This wonderful self-contained roller mill is revolutionizing milling. Makes splendid flour at a better yield than the Government requires. One man without previous milling experience can run it successfully. Small cost, small power, easy operation enables it to make a "Better Barrel of Flour Cheaper." You can sack your flour under our nationally advertised brand "Flavo."

Our Service Department inspects your products each month free and keeps you up to quality. Sizes of mills from 15 to 100 barrels per day. You can start with the small size if you have $2,000 to invest. Sold on 30 days' free trial.

Write for our catalog and experiences of successful owners all over the United States.

Anglo-American Mill Co.
636-702 Trust. Bldg.
Owensboro, Ky.

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GLADY'S HULETTE
in
"THE STREETS OF ILLUSSION"

A picture, Something out of the ordinary. Also a good comedy and the Pathe Weekly News.

—TOMORROW—

FIVE-PART PHOTO-DRAMA
"DIVORCED"
featuring
Hilda Spong

England's most celebrated emotional actress, who has also won enviable fame in America.

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NOBBY CLOTHES

are an essential in this dressy age. We have them in a goodly variety of fine fabrics and weaves. Let us select you a suit that best emphasizes your individuality. A most varied assortment awaits your selection.

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Estimates cheerfully furnished.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

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AMERICA'S HOME SHOE POLISH

The Key does the Trick

No soiling of hands, or broken nails One turn and the cover is off. You then have a wax and oil polish that is easily applied, shined with a few strokes of cloth or brush. It's easy to shine your own shoes

THE SHINOLA WAY

Prove it. Ask Any Store

Black, Tan, White, Red, Brown

60 times Around the Earth!

In the United States is strung a cobweb of 1,500,000 miles of

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wires. They put the most remote towns and hamlets next door to the central plants of business energy.

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